

# KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA NATION RELIGION KING

• ::=•D@C•<del>;=;</del>+

**Sihanoukville Autonomous Port** 

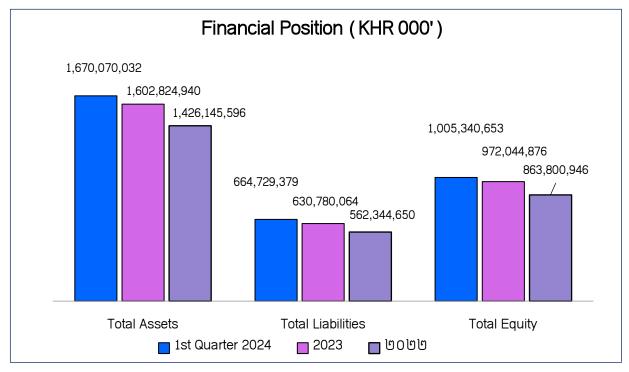
# First Quarterly Report 2024

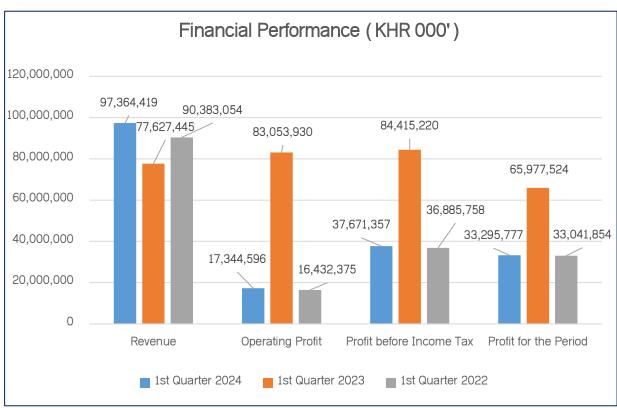


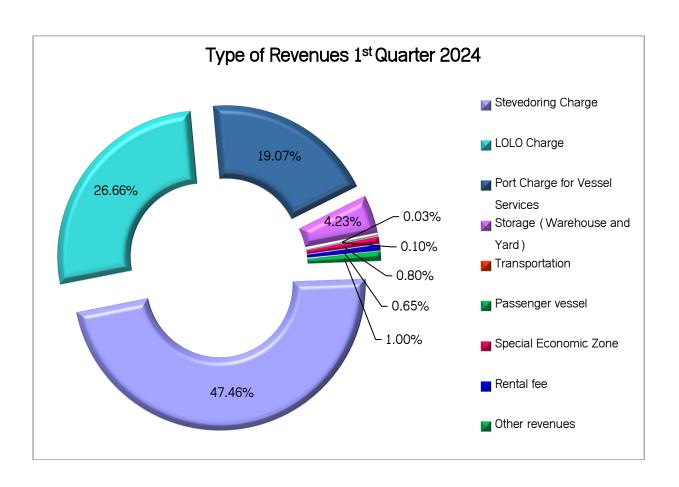
# Financial Highlight

Financial Position		1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	2023	2022
Financia	Position	KHR 000'	KHR 000°	KHR 000'
Total Assets		1,670,070,032	1,602,824,940	1,426,145,596
Total Liabilities		664,729,379	630,780,064	562,344,650
Total Sharehold	ders′ Equity	1,005,340,653	972,044,876	863,800,946
Profit/(	Loss)	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2022
		KHR 000'	KHR 000 <sup>7</sup>	KHR 000'
Total Revenues	3	97,364,419	77,627,445	90,383,054
Profit/(Loss) be	efore Tax	37,671,357	84,415,220	36,885,758
Profit/(Loss) at	fter Tax	33,295,777	65,977,524	33,041,854
Total Comprehe	ensive Income	33,295,777	65,977,524	33,041,854
Financial Ratios		1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	2023	2022
Solvency Ratio		6.91%	26.92%	23.09%
Lieu idit. Detie	Current Ratio	2.56	1.94	2.62
Liquidity Ratio	Quick Ratio	2.26	1.69	2.25
		1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 20204	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2022
	Return on Assets	1.99%	4.40%	2.32%
Drofitability	Return on Equity	3.31%	7.10%	4.04%
Profitability Ratio	Gross Profit Margin	17.81%	106.99%	18.18%
	Profit Margin	34.20%	84.99%	36.56%
	Earnings per share	388.19	769.22	385.23
Interest Covera	ge Ratio	20.53	36.76	14.84

# Financial Summary Charts 1st Quarter 2024



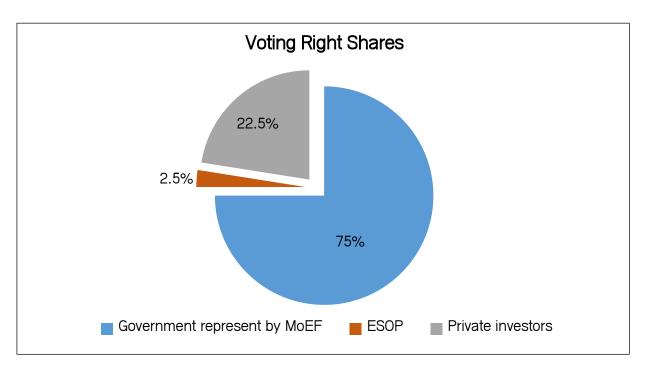


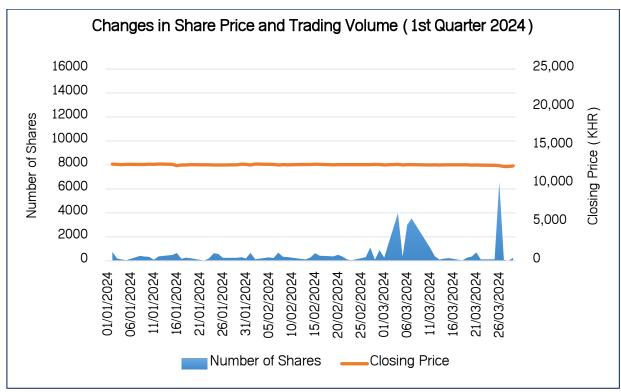


No.	Classes of Shares	Shareholders	Numbers of Shares	Percentage
1	Non-voting Right	State, represented by Ministry	364,530,861	80.95%
1	Shares "Class A"	of Economy and Finance	304,330,801	60.95%
2	Voting Right Shares	State, represented by Ministry	64,328,975	14.29%
-	"Class B"	of Economy and Finance	04,326,973	14.25%
3	Voting Right Shares	Private	21 442 002	4.76%
3	"Class C"	FIIVal <del>e</del>	21,442,992	4.70%
		Fotal	450,302,828	100%

# PAS's Shareholders Class C

No.	Shareholders	Number of Shares	Percentage
1	ESOP	2,144,299	10%
2	KAMIGUMI CO., LTD	11,150,324	52%
3	KOBE-OSAKA International Port	2,144,300	10%
3	Corporation	2,144,500	10 /8
4	Other Private Shareholders	6,004,069	28%
	TOTAL	21,442,992	100%





# **Board of Directors**















# Speech of H.E Chairman & CEO

"On behalf of the Board of Directors of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port (PAS), I am honored and pleasure to present the PAS's business and financial reports of the 1<sup>st</sup> guarter, 2024 for the period ended 31<sup>st</sup> Mar 2024".

With a solid support of the Royal Government as well as the two Ministries in Charge, PAS has continued an immense evolution to serve its business activities with an earned revenue of 97,364,419,000 Riels and a net profit of 33,295,777,000 Riels in this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024. The revenue increased by 19,736,974,000 Riels equal to 24.43% compared to the same period of 2023, while the net profit after tax highly decreased by 32,681,747,000 Riels equal to 49.53%. This was due to the increase in Container cargoes and cargoes throughput, yet the increased of net gain from assets classified as held for sale (land) in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 which led to highly decrease in net profit after tax in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 if compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023. As the result, PAS's earnings per share is 388.19 Riels in this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024. Furthermore, the container throughputs amounted to 217,203 TEUs, an increase of 42,554 TEUs equal to 9.60% compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023.

PAS is going to continue its efforts to improve the business and service operation and to achieve the best results for the benefits of our shareholders. PAS has strengthened the work efficiency and built additional infrastructure to meet the increasing demand of customers and the growing economy. With the increasing volumes of cargoes and containers throughput, PAS has renovated the new wharf (Constructed in 1969, 350m in length) to become an additional container terminal with 253m in length, which currently has only two terminals. In addition, PAS has been implementing the construction of a new Container Terminal (Phase 1) with 350m in length by 14.5m depth which recently has had groundbreaking for the construction on 22nd Dec 2023, also including installation 3 units of QCs, 9 units of RTGs, 2 units of Empty Reach Stackers, and 16 units of container trucks, and 1 set of Auto container terminal management system. Moreover, this new Container Terminal will allow larger container vessels in the region calling to PAS which would solve the water depth constraints for the port. Also, the Ocean Freight Cost would be like neighboring countries and the region which would contribute to trade facilitation and the development of Cambodian socio economy. The project is expected to be completed by

mid-2025, and container handling capacity will reach 1,150,000 TEUs in 1 year when this new container terminal is launched for operation in the upcoming year of 2025.

- > In response to the increasing cargo throughputs as well as customers' service demand, PAS has set its main goal as follows:
  - Continue to carry out the works in accordance with the scheduled plan for 2023.
  - Maintain its competitive advantages, thereby ensuring service quality, competitive prices, work efficiency, and building up confidences for the customers.
  - Strengthen staff's capacity on management and technical skill to timely respond to the increasing demands of port's services.
  - Repair, maintenance and additionally develop port's infrastructure and machinery to ensure competitive advantages and promote its cargo handling capacity
  - Strengthen strategic cooperation with domestic and regional ports
  - Strengthen corporate governance by establishing necessary committees
  - Contribute to the development of Corporate Social Responsibility's activities and promoting social welfare.

#### > Duty of the Board of Directors

In this 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024, the Board of Directors had conducted one meeting and achieved the following works:

### The 11th Meeting of the Board of Directors in its 8th Mandate on 08th February 2024

The Board of Directors (BOD) meeting has reviewed, discussed and approved the following agenda:

- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report of the Audit Committee, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management Committee, which raised and approved the composition of the Board of Directors, which is the representative of the Ministry Institution of the 8th mandate for the Board of Directors to be the mandate representative of the Ministry Institution for the 9th mandate by preparing a letter of respect to His Excellency the Minister of Public Works and Transport in request of the Royal Government to appoint the composition of the Board of Directors for the 9th mandate and to approve the marketing strategic plan of PAS.
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report on the progress of the ongoing container port development project (1. Project to renovate the general cargo port into a 253-meter-long container port and 2. The new container terminal development project Step 1, Step 2 and Step 3), letter No. 1278 dated 22 November 2023 from the Office of the Council of Ministers on the approval to support the development of the new container port Phase 1, Phase 2 and Phase 3 of

- Sihanoukville Autonomous Port promptly, and prepare the Master Plan for the future of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port.
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report of PAS's business performance for 2023.
- After discussed, the members of board approved the financial statements report for the fourth quarter of 2023 and for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2023, which were reviewed by the independent audit firm Ernst & Young (Cambodia) Ltd.
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved on the report on the
  case of Royal Railway Plc requesting the renewal of a land lease contract of PAS in
  Sangkat Trapeang Krasang, Khan Dangkor, Phnom Penh, as well as the debt status
  of the company owed and approved PAS to implement of the following additional
  measures:
  - 1. Maintain the agreement in accordance with the spirit of the previous board meeting by allowing the land lease to Royal Railway Plc for the next 10 years with a starting price of USD 100,000 per year with an increase of 5% every year limiting the size of the land that Royal Railway Co.,Ltd has utilized only. PAS will develop the remaining land to serve PAS's business. Furthermore, PAS has to prepare a letter of notification (third time), leaving 30 days for the company to respond. In the event that Royal Railway Plc does not respond to PAS within 30 days, PAS must submit a letter of respect to His Excellency the Deputy Prime Minister of the Ministry of Economy and Finance to request guidelines for implementation
  - 2. PAS should apply penalties to the company in case the company continues to delay payment in accordance with the content of Prakas No. 1159 MEF.PrK dated 25 December 2020 of the Ministry of Economy and Finance on Rules and Procedures Of collecting and Clearing of Non-Fiscal Debts
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report on the case of the tourist port development of G.T.V.C SPEEDBOAT CAMBODIA in front of Warehouse no.1 and Warehouse no.2, which PAS must set up a clear boarder line between PAS (International Port Area) and tourist port (Public Area) in order to comply with the SOLAS, ISPS Code as well as ensuring the use of warehouse no.2 and the front yard of warehouse no.2 for PAS's business operations without any interruption in the traffic of trucks entering and leaving warehouse no.2.

# Acknowledgement

Once again, I would like to express my profound thanks to the Royal Government of Cambodia led by Samdech Akka Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen, Prime Minister of the Kingdom of Cambodia, and the two Ministries in Charge, namely Ministry of Public Works and Transport and Ministry of Economy and Finance for extending their support and trust on PAS's operational activities from time to time.

Finally, I would like to thank all the PAS's employees for their hard work and dedication to the job.

Sihanoukville, Dated: 24th May 2024

Chairman



# **Table of Contents**

Finan	cia	l Highlight	I
Finan	cia	l Summary Charts	II
Board	l of	Directors	V
Mess	age	from the Chairman	VI
PART	1:	General Information of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port	1
	A.	Identity of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port	2
	В.	Nature of Business	2
(	C.	Quarter's key Events	4
PART	2:	Information on Business Operation Performance	5
	A.	Business Operational	6
-	В.	Revenue Structure	9
PART	3:	Financial Statement Reviewed by the External Auditor	10
PART	4:	Management's Discussion and Analysis	34
-	A.	Overview of Operation	35
	В.	Significant Factors Affecting Profit	42
(	C.	Material Changes in Sales and Revenue	42
	D.	Impact of Foreign Exchange, Interest Rates and Commodity Prices	43
	E.	Impacts of inflation	43
	F.	Economic/Fiscal/Monetary Policy of Royal Government	43
PART	5:	Other Necessary Information for Investor Protection	45
;	Sig	nature of Directors of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port	48



# PART 1

**General Information of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port** 



### A. Identity of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port

Company name (Khmer) : កំពង់ផែស្វយ័តក្រុងព្រះសីហនុ (កសស)

Company name (Latin) : PORT AUTONOME DE SIHANOUKVILLE "PAS"

Company name (English) : SIHANOUKVILLE AUTONOMOUS PORT

Standard Code : KH1000060009

Address : Terak Vithei Samdech Akka Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen,

Sangkat 3, Preah Sihanouk City, Preah Sihanouk Province,

Cambodia.

Phone Number : (855) 34 933 416/ 933 511

 Fax Number
 : (855) 34 933 693

 Investor Relations
 : (855) 78 49 6789

 Website
 : www.pas.gov.kh

 Email
 : pasinfo@pas.gov.kh

. pasirilo@pas.gov.ki1

Company Registration Number: Co.4784 Et/2017 Date: 21st February 2017

License Number : 0159 กณ.บับก Issued by: Ministry of Economy and Finance

Date: 22<sup>nd</sup> February 2017

Disclosure Document Registration Number issued by SECC: 058/17/SECC Date: 09th May 2017

Representative of PAS : His Excellency Lou Kim Chhun

#### **B.** Nature of Business

Sihanoukville Autonomous Port which is the sole international deep-sea port of the Kingdom of Cambodia is performing its business operation on the land area approximately 125 hectares. Situated along the coastal line of the Kingdom of Cambodia, in the Gulf of Thailand, PAS has a favorable natural condition which contributes smoothly to the year-round business operation with calm sea water and no tidal storms.

PAS is connected by a variety of multi-modal transportation networks. By road, PAS is connected by two main national roads, namely National Road No. 4 with 226 Km in length from Phnom Penh capital and National Road No. 3 with 244 Km in length through Kampot province. In addition, the newly built expressway with a length of 187 km from Phnom Penh to Sihanoukville. PAS is also connected by the southern railroad from Phnom Penh through Kampot province with 264 Km in length. By airways, PAS is connected to Siem Reap province and Phnom Penh capital by Sihanoukville International Airport.

#### As the port operator, PAS offers business services as follows:

- Bringing vessels in and out and provide logistics supplies
- Conducting cargo handling, offloading, loading operation
- Stocks, warehousing, and yards

- Transporting cargo
- Special Economic Zone.

## PAS has a total quay length of 1,860 meters and divided into 13 berths as follows:

No	Terminal	Type of Goods	Length (m)	Width (m)	Terminal Number
1	Passenger Terminal (Old Jetty)	Passengers and General Cargo	290	28	Terminal No. 1 and No. 3: 9m to 13m draft for ships with 8.5m alongside depth.  Terminal No. 2 and No. 4: 6.5m to 8m draft for ships with 7m alongside depth.
2	New Wharf	Container	350	500	Terminal No. 5 (West) and No. 6 (East): 10m draft for ships with under 8.5m alongside depth.
3	Container terminal	Container	400	350	Terminal No. 7 and No. 8: 11.5m draft for ships with under 8.5m alongside depth.
4	Multipurpose terminal	Passengers, General Cargo, and Oil Exploration Logistic Base	330	200	Multipurpose terminal with 330m length and 13.5m depths for bulk and general cargoes which allow vessels with 50,000 DWT and the Terminal for Logistic Base Oil Exploration with 200m length and 7.5m depths for the offshore oil exploration in the territory of Cambodia.
5	Concrete Wharf	Petroleum	53	5	Petroleum port: 4.5m draft with under 80m in length. Mooring and unmooring facilities have been prepared for berthing alongside of ships with under 6m and 110m in length.

#### Railway Container Terminal

Apart from the above terminals, in cooperation with Royal Railway Co., Ltd, PAS has also established a railroad operational system and container yard within the port's premises so that customers or cargo owners can transport containers from PAS to Phnom Penh and vice versa. PAS has rented the land area on this premises to Royal Railway Co., Ltd and provided container loading and offloading services on board train and vice versa.

#### • Sihanoukville Port Special Economic Zone

Apart from the business and services mentioned above, PAS also operates the Sihanoukville Port Special Economic Zone with approximately 64 hectares of land area which was constructed in accordance with Japanese standard.

## C. Quarter's Key Events

For this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2024, **PAS** has no key event.



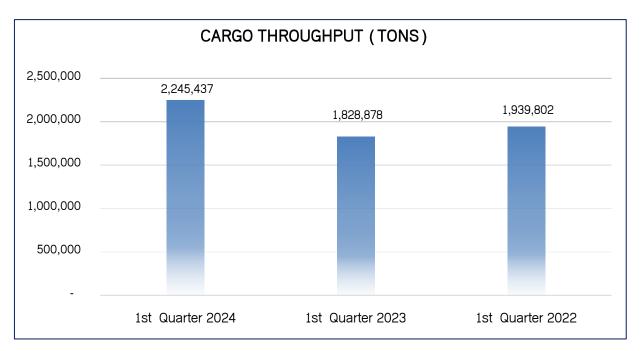
# PART 2

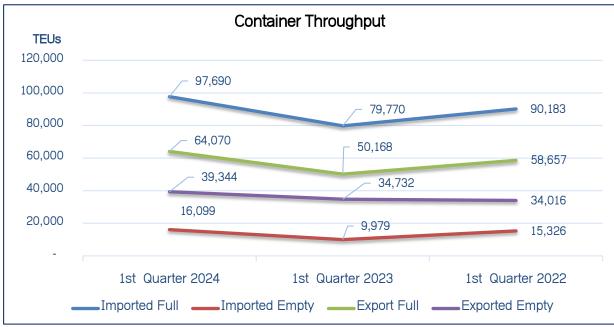
# **Information on Business Operation Performance**

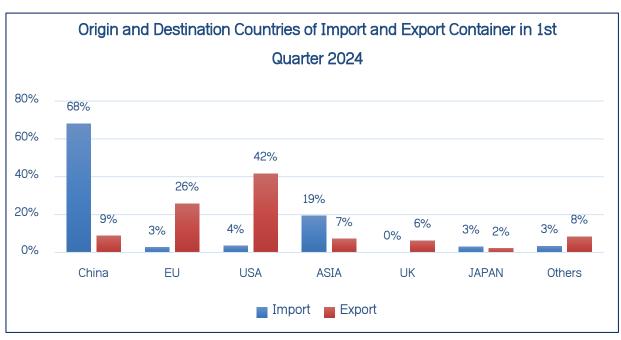


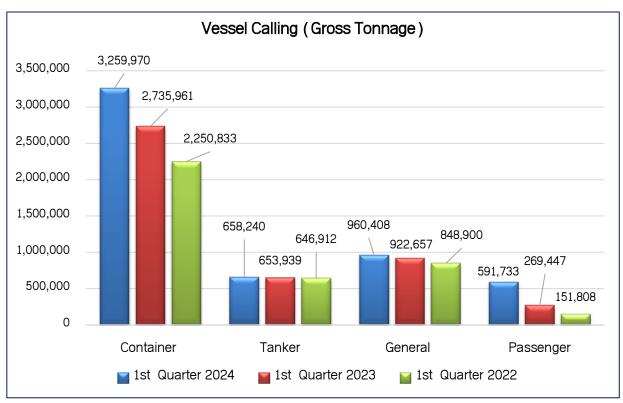
# A. Business Operation Performance including business segments information

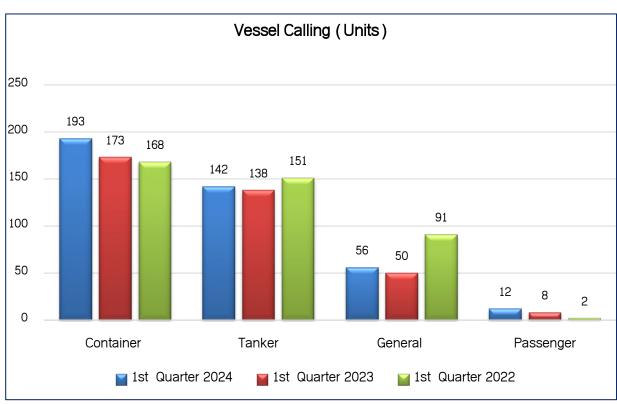
Items		Planning	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter	Comp	arison
		2024 2024		2023	2022	Comp	anson
		1	2	3	4	(2-3)/3	(2-4)/4
Gross Throughput	Tons	8,069,000	2,245,437	1,828,878	1,939,802	22.78%	15.76%
Container Cargo			1,555,804	1,209,534	1,348,116	28.63%	15.41%
General Cargo	_		70,676	19,262	47,764	266.93%	47.97%
Fuel	_		577,091	563,705	528,866	2.37%	9.12%
Gas	_		41,865	36,378	15,056	15.08%	178.06%
Imported Cargo	_	6,055,000	1,690,245	1,384,180	1,457,182	22.11%	15.99%
Container	_		1,000,612	768,462	865,496	30.21%	15.61%
General	_		689,633	615,718	591,686	12.00%	16.55%
Exported Cargo	_	2,014,000	555,192	444,699	482,621	24.85%	15.04%
Container	_		555,192	441,072	482,621	25.87%	15.04%
General	_		-	3,627	-	-100.00%	
Cargo Handling	_	17,612,000	4,861,812	4,010,827	2,749,755	21.22%	76.81%
Direct Transfer	_	115,000	65,124	10,588	42,005	515.06%	55.04%
Container Yard and Warehouse	_	17,497,000	4,796,687	4,000,238	2,707,749	19.91%	77.15%
Container Throughput	TEUs	823,000	217,203	174,649	198,182	24.37%	9.60%
Imported Container	-	-	113,789	89,749	105,509	26.79%	7.85%
Full Container	_		97,690	79,770	90,183	22.46%	8.32%
Empty Container	_		16,099	9,979	15,326	61.33%	5.04%
Exported Container	1	-	103,414	84,900	92,673	21.81%	11.59%
Full Container	_		64,070	50,168	58,657	27.71%	9.23%
Empty Container	_		39,344	34,732	34,016	13.28%	15.66%
G-11:	Units	1,552	403	369	412	9.21%	-2.18%
Calling Vessels	Tons	19,417,000	5,470,351	4,582,004	3,898,453	19.39%	40.32%
Container	Units		193	173	168	11.56%	14.88%
Container	Tons		3,259,970	2,735,961	2,250,833	19.15%	44.83%
Tonkor	Units		142	138	151	2.90%	-5.96%
Tanker	Tons		658,240	653,939	646,912	0.66%	1.75%
Conord	Units		56	50	91	12.00%	-38.46%
General	Tons		960,408	922,657	848,900	4.09%	13.14%
Decemen	Units		12	8	2	50.00%	500.00%
Passenger (Cruico Ship)	Tons		591,733	269,447	151,808	119.61%	289.79%
(Cruise Ship)	Person		6,894	2,178	-	216.53%	











# B. Revenue structure

	1st Qua	rter 2024	1st Qua	rter 2023	1st Quarter 2022		
Description	'000 riels	Percentage of total income	'000 riels	Percentage of total income	'000 riels	Percentage of total income	
Stevedoring Charge	46,205,218	47.46%	36,383,789	46.87%	41,910,450	46.37%	
LOLO Charge	25,956,017	26.66%	20,347,682	26.21%	25,661,631	28.39%	
Port Charge for Vessel Services	18,568,530	19.07%	16,790,506	21.63%	15,669,790	17.34%	
Storage (Warehouse and Yard)	4,123,014	4.23%	3,170,509	4.08%	6,050,402	6.69%	
Transportation	31,563	0.03%	29,236	0.04%	42,047	0.05%	
Passenger vessel	97,684	0.10%	34,968	0.05%	0	0.00%	
Special Economic Zone	774,080	0.80%	383,442	0.49%	695,388	0.77%	
Rental fee	633,748	0.65%	409,770	0.53%	282,342	0.31%	
Other revenues	974,565	1.00%	77,543	0.10%	71,004	0.08%	
Total Revenue	97,364,419	100.00%	77,627,445	100.00%	90,383,054	100.00%	



# PART 3

Financial Statements Reviewed by the External Auditor





Ernst & Young (Cambodia) Ltd. 5th Floor, Emerald Building #64 Preah Norodom Boulevard Corner Street 178, Sangkat Chev Chumneah Khan Daun Penh, Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia Tel: +855 23 860 450/451 Fax: +855 23 217 805 ev.com

Reference: 61803762/68174447

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT**

The Shareholders of SIHANOUKVILLE AUTONOMOUS PORT To:

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed financial information of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port ("PAS") comprising the interim condensed statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, the interim condensed statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024 and material accounting policy information and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim condensed financial information in accordance with Cambodian International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the accompanying interim condensed financial information based on our review.

#### Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with the Cambodian International Standard on Review Engagements 2410. "Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity". A review of interim condensed financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Cambodian International Standards on Auditing. Consequently, it does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial information as at 31 March 2024 and for the three-month ended is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Cambodian International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

Sinratana Lan Partner

> Ernst & Young (Cambodia) Ltd. Certified Public Accountants Registered Auditors

Phnom Penh, Kingdom of Cambodia

16 May 2024

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 31 March 2024

	Notes	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
		Unaudited	Audited
		KHR'000	KHR'000
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property and equipment	6	1,088,488,249	1,093,446,322
Investment properties	7	257,559,069	245,274,497
Intangible assets	8 _	2,542,711	2,837,987
		1,348,590,029	1,341,558,806
Current assets			
Inventories	9	36,773,911	34,464,331
Trade and other receivables	10	117,014,641	48,073,117
Short-term bank deposits		153,400,676	159,386,872
Cash and cash equivalents	_	14,290,775	19,341,814
	_	321,480,003	261,266,134
Total assets	_	1,670,070,032	1,602,824,940
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Egon Mas Emisiente			
EQUITY			
Issued capital	12	450,302,828	450,302,828
Share premium	12	67,715,235	67,715,235
Other reserves	13	49,506,094	49,506,094
Retained earnings		437,816,496	404,520,719
Total equity	_	1,005,340,653	972,044,876
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	14	368,376,270	328,059,610
Refundable deposits from lessees		1,010,250	1,021,250
Retirement benefit obligations	15	73,359,285	72,822,161
Seniority payment obligations		1,137,474	1,107,693
Deferred income		16,676,197	14,346,929
Government grants	16	46,307,972	47,111,704
Deferred tax liabilities	_	32,079,340	31,925,170
	_	538,946,788	496,394,517
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		50,962,687	36,943,101
Loans and borrowings	14	52,973,550	59,035,225
Retirement benefit obligations	15	5,092,184	5,068,764
Seniority payment obligations		1,050,261	127,489
Deferred income		259,432	170,345
Government grants	16	3,214,930	3,214,930
Income tax liabilities	_	12,229,547	29,825,693
	_	125,782,591	134,385,547
Total liabilities	_	664,729,379	630,780,064
Total equity and liabilities	_	1,670,070,032	1,602,824,940
	_		

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

Revenue         Revenue         TY         95,786,607         77,244,003         383,442         <		Notes	Three-month	period ended
KHR'000         KHR'000           Revenue         Revenue from contracts with customers         17         95,786,607         77,244,003         Rental income         7         774,080         383,442         Government grants         16         803,732         — <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>31 March 2024</td><td>31 March 2023</td></t<>			31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Revenue           Revenue         Revenue from contracts with customers         17         95,786,607         77,244,003           Rental income         7         774,080         383,442           Government grants         16         803,732         -           Expenses           Other gains - net         52,540         82,988,545           Salaries, wages and related expenses         18         (30,102,954)         (24,679,691)           Consumable supplies         19         (26,868,575)         (28,578,209)           Depreciation and amortization charges         20         (12,621,357)         (11,568,346)           Repairs and maintenances         (584,672)         (454,442)           Other expenses         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           Other expenses         (80,019,823)         5,426,485           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524				
Revenue from contracts with customers         17         95,786,607         77,244,003           Rental income         7         774,080         383,442           Government grants         16         803,732         -           Expenses           Other gains - net         52,540         82,988,545           Salaries, wages and related expenses         18         (30,102,954)         (24,679,691)           Consumable supplies         19         (26,868,575)         (28,578,209)           Depreciation and amortization charges         20         (12,621,357)         (11,568,346)           Repairs and maintenances         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           Other expenses         (80,019,823)         5,426,485           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         PAS during the period are as follows:			KHR'000	KHR'000
Rental income         7         774,080         383,442           Government grants         16         803,732         -           Expenses           Other gains - net         52,540         82,988,545           Salaries, wages and related expenses         18         (30,102,954)         (24,679,691)           Consumable supplies         19         (26,868,575)         (28,578,209)           Depreciation and amortization charges         20         (12,621,357)         (11,568,346)           Repairs and maintenances         (584,672)         (454,442)           Other expenses         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777         65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Revenue			
Section				· · · · ·
Page   Page	Rental income	•	,	383,442
Expenses         52,540         82,988,545           Salaries, wages and related expenses         18 (30,102,954) (24,679,691)         (24,679,691)           Consumable supplies         19 (26,868,575) (28,578,209)         (28,578,209)           Depreciation and amortization charges         20 (12,621,357) (11,568,346)         (454,442)           Repairs and maintenances         (584,672) (454,442)         (454,442)           Other expenses         (9,894,805) (12,281,372)         (12,281,372)           Operating profit         17,344,596 83,053,930           Finance income - net         21 20,326,761 1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357 84,415,220           Income tax expense         22 (4,375,580) (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777 65,977,524           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777 65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         33,295,777 65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Government grants	16	803,732	<u>-</u>
Other gains - net         52,540         82,988,545           Salaries, wages and related expenses         18         (30,102,954)         (24,679,691)           Consumable supplies         19         (26,868,575)         (28,578,209)           Depreciation and amortization charges         20         (12,621,357)         (11,568,346)           Repairs and maintenances         (584,672)         (454,442)           Other expenses         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777         65,977,524           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:			97,364,419	77,627,445
Salaries, wages and related expenses       18       (30,102,954)       (24,679,691)         Consumable supplies       19       (26,868,575)       (28,578,209)         Depreciation and amortization charges       20       (12,621,357)       (11,568,346)         Repairs and maintenances       (584,672)       (454,442)         Other expenses       (9,894,805)       (12,281,372)         (80,019,823)       5,426,485         Operating profit       17,344,596       83,053,930         Finance income - net       21       20,326,761       1,361,290         Profit before income tax       37,671,357       84,415,220         Income tax expense       22       (4,375,580)       (18,437,696)         Profit for the period       33,295,777       65,977,524         Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders       33,295,777       65,977,524         The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Expenses			
Consumable supplies         19         (26,868,575)         (28,578,209)           Depreciation and amortization charges         20         (12,621,357)         (11,568,346)           Repairs and maintenances         (584,672)         (454,442)           Other expenses         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777         65,977,524           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000         500,000 <t< td=""><td>Other gains - net</td><td></td><td>52,540</td><td>82,988,545</td></t<>	Other gains - net		52,540	82,988,545
Depreciation and amortization charges       20       (12,621,357)       (11,568,346)         Repairs and maintenances       (584,672)       (454,442)         Other expenses       (9,894,805)       (12,281,372)         (80,019,823)       5,426,485         Operating profit       17,344,596       83,053,930         Finance income - net       21       20,326,761       1,361,290         Profit before income tax       37,671,357       84,415,220         Income tax expense       22       (4,375,580)       (18,437,696)         Profit for the period       33,295,777       65,977,524         Profit for the period attributable to shareholders       33,295,777       65,977,524         Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders       33,295,777       65,977,524         The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:				
Repairs and maintenances         (584,672)         (454,442)           Other expenses         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           (80,019,823)         5,426,485           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777         65,977,524           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:         200,43				
Other expenses         (9,894,805)         (12,281,372)           (80,019,823)         5,426,485           Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777         65,977,524           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:         200,400         20	•	20		,
Operating profit         17,344,596         83,053,930           Finance income - net         21         20,326,761         1,361,290           Profit before income tax         37,671,357         84,415,220           Income tax expense         22         (4,375,580)         (18,437,696)           Profit for the period         33,295,777         65,977,524           Profit for the period attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders         33,295,777         65,977,524           The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	·		, ,	, ,
Operating profit17,344,59683,053,930Finance income - net2120,326,7611,361,290Profit before income tax37,671,35784,415,220Income tax expense22(4,375,580)(18,437,696)Profit for the period33,295,77765,977,524Profit for the period attributable to shareholders33,295,77765,977,524Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders33,295,77765,977,524The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Other expenses		(9,894,805)	(12,281,372)
Finance income - net  Profit before income tax  Income tax expense  22			(80,019,823)	5,426,485
Profit before income tax  Income tax expense  22  (4,375,580)  Profit for the period  33,295,777  65,977,524  Profit for the period attributable to shareholders  Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders  The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Operating profit		17,344,596	83,053,930
Income tax expense 22 (4,375,580) (18,437,696)  Profit for the period 33,295,777 65,977,524  Profit for the period attributable to shareholders 33,295,777 65,977,524  Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders 33,295,777 65,977,524  The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Finance income - net	21	20,326,761	1,361,290
Profit for the period 33,295,777 65,977,524  Profit for the period attributable to shareholders 33,295,777 65,977,524  Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders 33,295,777 65,977,524  The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Profit before income tax		37,671,357	84,415,220
Profit for the period attributable to shareholders  Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders  The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Income tax expense	22	(4,375,580)	(18,437,696)
Total comprehensive income for the period, net of tax, attributable to shareholders  33,295,777  65,977,524  The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Profit for the period		33,295,777	65,977,524
The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of PAS during the period are as follows:	Profit for the period attributable to shareholders		33,295,777	65,977,524
			33,295,777	65,977,524
Basic earnings per share (KHR) 23 388.19 769.22	The earnings per share attributable to shareholders of P	AS during	the period are as	follows:
	Basic earnings per share (KHR)	23	388.19	769.22

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

	Notes	Issued capital (Note 12)	Share premium (Note 12)	Other reserves (Note 13)	Retained earnings	Total
		KHR'000	KHR'000	KHR'000	KHR'000	KHR'000
As at 1 January 2024 (audited)		450,302,828	67,715,235	49,506,094	404,520,719	972,044,876
Profit for the period		<u> </u>			33,295,777	33,295,777
As at 31 March 2024 (unaudited)	_	450,302,828	67,715,235	49,506,094	437,816,496	1,005,340,653
As at 1 January 2023 (audited)		450,302,828	67,715,235	41,090,572	304,692,311	863,800,946
Profit for the period	_				65,977,524	65,977,524
As at 31 March 2023 (unaudited)		450,302,828	67,715,235	41,090,572	370,669,835	929,778,470

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

	Notes	eriod ended	
	<del>-</del> -	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
		Unaudited KHR'000	Unaudited KHR'000
Operating activities Profit before income tax		37,671,357	84,415,220
Adjustments for:     Finance income - net     Depreciation and amortization charges     Gain from disposal of assets classified as     held for sale     Seniority payment obligations     Retirement benefit obligations     Government grants income     Provision for expected credit losses on short-term     bank deposits     Reversal of impairment of trade receivables	21 20 11 15 16	(20,326,761) 12,621,357 - 952,553 1,668,976 (803,732) 1,027,014 (64,753)	(1,361,290) 11,568,346 (84,815,997) 736,420 1,651,783 - 9,697 (145,469)
Changes in working capital: Inventories Trade and other receivables Trade and other payables Deferred income	-	(2,309,580) (68,732,840) 12,082,330 2,418,355 (23,795,724)	(15,060) (274,643) 9,060,958 95,721 <b>20,925,686</b>
Income tax paid		(21,817,556)	(9,063,782)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	-	(45,613,280)	11,861,904
Investing activities Purchases of property and equipment Purchases of investment properties Proceeds from short-term bank deposits Placements in short-term bank deposits Interest received Proceeds from disposal of assets classified as held for sale	6 7	(6,209,477) (12,498,146) 4,042,000 (2,029,001) 3,451,405	(26,113,784) (1,207,480) - (71,515,227) 29,746 98,797,767
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(13,243,219)	(8,978)
Financing activities Repayments of borrowings Repayments of bank overdraft Interest paid of borrowings Interest paid of bank overdraft Proceeds from borrowings Proceed from bank overdraft	_	(9,642,038) (24,510,000) (2,734,992) (289,451) 70,193,935 20,788,006	(10,100,613) - (3,198,490) - 8,099
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		53,805,460	(13,291,004)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	-	(5,051,039)	(1,438,078)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	<u>-</u>	19,341,814	23,586,368
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	=	14,290,775	22,148,290

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The Sihanoukville Autonomous Port ("PAS") is a public autonomous institution that is under the technical supervision of the Ministry of Public Works and Transport ("MoPWT") and the financial supervision of the Ministry of Economy and Finance ("MoEF"), with its headquarters in Preah Sihanouk Province, the Kingdom of Cambodia.

PAS is a legal entity with autonomous administration and financing and was established in accordance with Sub-decree 50 ANKR BK dated 17 July 1998, which gave it the general status as a public autonomous institution.

PAS was registered as a state-owned public enterprise with the Ministry of Commerce and obtained the registration number Co.4784 ET/2017, dated 21 February 2017. Its shares of class C were listed on the Main Board of Cambodia Securities Exchange ("CSX") on 8 June 2017.

PAS is currently the sole international and commercial deep-sea port in the Kingdom of Cambodia. According to the Sub-decree, the mission of PAS is to provide the following seaport services and seaport related services which include:

- bringing vessels in and out and providing them with supplies;
- conducting cargo handling, offloading, loading and transporting;
- maintaining and safeguarding stocks, warehouses and yards;
- · developing, rehabilitating and expanding PAS's existing infrastructures;
- taking responsibility on health care, security and order in its management areas; and
- committing to manage and organize the operational activities to be effective and progressive.

In the status as public autonomous institution, PAS has obtained an extensive authority and major duties from the Royal Government of Cambodia to carry out its activities in accordance with its objectives.

The registered office of PAS is Terak Vithei Samdech Akka Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen, Sangkat No. 3, Sihanoukville City, Preah Sihanouk Province, the Kingdom of Cambodia.

The interim condensed financial information was approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 16 May 2024.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO PAS'S POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

This interim condensed financial information for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024 has been prepared in accordance with Cambodian International Accounting Standards 34 (CIAS 34), *Interim financial reporting*. PAS has prepared the interim condensed financial information on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern. The Board of Directors consider that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over this assumption. They have formed a judgement that there is a reasonable expectation that PAS has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and not less than 12 months from the end of the reporting period.

The interim condensed financial information does not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with PAS' annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023, which have been prepared in accordance with the Cambodian International Financial Reporting Standards ("CIFRSs").

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATOIN AND CHANGES TO PAS' POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments adopted by PAS

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed financial information is consistent with those followed in the preparation of PAS' annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2024. PAS has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Several amendments apply for the first time in 2024, but do not have any impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the PAS.

#### 3. MANAGEMENT JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of interim condensed financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this interim condensed financial information, the significant judgements made by management in applying the PAS' accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 4.1 Financial risk factors

PAS' activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The interim condensed financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with PAS' audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### 4.2 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

The methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments are as follows:

- (a) Cash and cash equivalents and short-term bank deposits The carrying values of these amounts approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature.
- (b) *Trade and other receivables* The carrying amounts less impairment provisions approximate the fair value because these are subject to normal credit terms and are short-term in nature.
- (c) *Trade and other payables -* The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.
- (d) Loans and borrowings The fair value is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash outflows using the current borrowing rates.

During the period, PAS has not changed the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments and there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 5. SEGMENT INFORMATION

PAS has a reportable segment which is composed of its port services as follows:

- Stevedoring charges
- Lift-On Lift-Off (LO-LO)
- Port due/charge services
- Container storage.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating business segment.

The Chief Operating Decision-Maker ("CODM"), which is the management team, reviews the internal management report, which reports the performance of the port service segment as a whole, to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM assesses the performance of the reportable segment by measuring gross revenue (*Note 17*). CODM also reviews profit before tax and net profit as a whole compared to prior period. In addition, PAS also has investment properties in the Special Economic Zone (SEZ) of which it is operating as a lessor and earns rental income (*Note 7*).

Significant revenues are derived from PAS' external customers. PAS is domiciled in Sihanoukville and major revenues originate from Sihanoukville and the surrounding areas.

Revenues of KHR'000 22,983,631 were generated from PAS' major customers, each of which contributed at least 10% to the total reportable segment revenues for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024.

#### Seasonality of operations

The 'port services' segment is mainly dependent on the level of import and export cargo throughputs which is directly influenced by the end customers' demand for goods. Due to the seasonal nature of this segment, higher revenues are usually expected in the second half of the year. Higher sales during the period July to November are mainly attributed to the increased level of cargo throughputs due to the demands and spending behaviour of end customers during the holiday season.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

2024 (Unaudited)

-	Land KHR'000	Land improvement KHR'000	Building KHR'000	Technical equipment KHR'000	Furniture and fittings KHR'000	Computer and office equipment KHR'000	Motor vehicles KHR'000	Seaport equipment KHR'000	Palettes KHR'000	Construction in progress KHR'000	Total KHR'000
Cost As at 1 January 2024 (Audited) Additions	296,735,409	63,350,540	357,343,890 273,353	42,598,730 1,805,916	2,777,526 29,540	8,125,308 923,095	82,281,409	331,383,864 1,699,534	1,116,855 -	119,584,831 1,684,814	1,305,298,362 6,416,252
As at 31 March 2024	296,735,409	63,350,540	357,617,243	44,404,646	2,807,066	9,048,403	82,281,409	333,083,398	1,116,855	121,269,645	1,311,714,614
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 (Audited) Depreciation	- -	(13,249,668) (832,862)	(59,880,574) (2,634,060)	(22,249,699) (1,181,158)	(1,751,821) (133,294)	(6,152,477) (403,800)	(22,858,609) (1,599,112)	(84,653,456) (4,585,334)	(1,055,736) (4,705)	<u>-</u>	(211,852,040) (11,374,325)
As at 31 March 2024		(14,082,530)	(62,514,634)	(23,430,857)	(1,885,115)	(6,556,277)	(24,457,721)	(89,238,790)	(1,060,441)	<u>-</u>	(223,226,365)
Net book value As at 31 March 2024	296,735,409	49,268,010	295,102,609	20,973,789	921,951	2,492,126	57,823,688	243,844,608	56,414	121,269,645	1,088,488,249
<b>2023</b> (Audited)											
-	Land KHR'000	Land improvement KHR'000	Building* KHR'000	Technical equipment KHR'000	Furniture and fittings KHR'000	Computer and office equipment KHR'000	Motor vehicles KHR'000	Seaport equipment* KHR'000	Palettes KHR'000	Construction in progress KHR'000	Total KHR'000
Cost As at 1 January 2023 Additions* Write-off	296,735,409	60,368,228 2,982,312	349,258,058 8,085,832	39,742,317 2,856,413	2,857,109 861,324 (940,907)	13,187,278 938,686 (6,000,656)	60,308,594 21,972,815	277,554,377 53,829,487	1,116,855 - -	41,445,938 78,138,893	1,142,574,163 169,665,762 (6,941,563)
As at 31 December 2023	296,735,409	63,350,540	357,343,890	42,598,730	2,777,526	8,125,308	82,281,409	331,383,864	1,116,855	119,584,831	1,305,298,362
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2023 Depreciation Write-off	- - - -	(10,284,858) (2,964,810)	(49,633,139) (10,247,435)	(17,930,024) (4,319,675)	(2,233,720) (459,008) 940,907	(10,454,965) (1,696,822) 5,999,310	(17,192,291) (5,666,318)	(70,095,468) (14,557,988)	(1,036,917) (18,819) -	- - - -	(178,861,382) (39,930,875) 6,940,217
As at 31 December 2023	<u>-</u>	(13,249,668)	(59,880,574)	(22,249,699)	(1,751,821)	(6,152,477)	(22,858,609)	(84,653,456)	(1,055,736)	-	(211,852,040)
Net book value As at 31 December 2023	296,735,409	50,100,872	297,463,316	20,349,031	1,025,705	1,972,831	59,422,800	246,730,408	61,119	119,584,831	1,093,446,322

<sup>\*</sup>Additions to building and seaport equipment included container freight station and mobile harbor crane amounting to KHR'000 5,156,339 and KHR'000 45,645,773, respectively, received as a government grant (Refer to Note 16).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 6. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Reconciliation of cash and non-cash additions (purchases of property and equipment) is as follows:

	Three-month period ended		
•	31 March 2024 31 March 2		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
	KHR'000	KHR'000	
Additions (cash and non-cash) during the period			
(excluding capitalized borrowing cost)	6,326,750	29,106,574	
Increase in payable to a supplier	(117,273)	(2,992,790)	
Cash used in purchase of property and equipment	6,209,477	26,113,784	

The interest cost on borrowings that was capitalized on qualifying assets for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024 was KHR'000 89,502 (31 March 2023: KHR'000 47,804).

#### 7. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

**2024** (Unaudited)

	Land KHR'000	Building and land improvement KHR'000	Construction in progress KHR'000	Total KHR'000
Cost As at 1 January 2024 (Audited) Additions	123,780,723 738,182	169,425,167 11,243,774	1,359,091 1,254,372	294,564,981 13,236,328
As at 31 March 2024	124,518,905	180,668,941	2,613,463	307,801,309
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 (Audited) Depreciation	- -	(49,290,484) (951,756)	- -	(49,290,484) (951,756)
As at 31 March 2024		(50,242,240)	<u>-</u>	(50,242,240)
Net book value As at 31 March 2024	124,518,905	130,426,701	2,613,463	257,559,069

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 7. **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (continued)

**2023** (Audited)

		Building		
		and land	Construction	
	Land	improvement	in progress	Total
	KHR'000	KHR'000	KHR'000	KHR'000
Cost	122 715 062	160 774 000		201 400 961
As at 1 January 2023 Additions	122,715,963	168,774,898	1 250 001	291,490,861
	1,064,760	1,293,740	1,359,091	3,717,591
Disposal		(643,471)		(643,471)
As at 31 December 2023	123,780,723	169,425,167	1,359,091	294,564,981
Accumulated depreciation				
As at 1 January 2023	-	(43, 194, 156)	-	(43,194,156)
Depreciation	-	(6,739,799)	-	(6,739,799)
Disposal		643,471		643,471
As at 31 December 2023		(49,290,484)	<u> </u>	(49,290,484)
Net book value				
As at 31 December 2023	123,780,723	120,134,683	1,359,091	245,274,497

Cash purchases of investment properties:

	Three-month period ended		
	31 March 2024 31 March 20		
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
	KHR'000	KHR'000	
Purchases (cash and non-cash) during the period	13,236,328	1,411,116	
Increase in payable to a supplier	(738,182)	(203,636)	
Cash used in purchase of investment properties	12,498,146	1,207,480	

The following amounts have been recognized in the interim condensed statement of comprehensive income relevant to the business of investment properties:

	Three-month period ended		
	31 March 2024 31 March 2		
•	Unaudited	Unaudited	
	KHR'000	KHR'000	
Rental income	774,080	383,442	
Depreciation Direct operating expenses arising from investment	(951,756)	(1,671,383)	
properties that generate rental income	(925,309)	(705,782)	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Cost   As at 1 January (Audited)   11,539,381   12,520,290   (8,701,394)   (8,701,394)   11,712,274   11,71			2024	2023
Cost				
As at 1 January (Audited) 11,539,381 11,539,381  As at 31 March/31 December 11,539,381 11,539,381  Accumulated amortization As at 1 January (Audited) (8,701,394) (7,520,290) Amortization (295,276) (1,181,104)  As at 31 March/31 December (8,996,670) (8,701,394)  Net book value As at 31 March/31 December 2,542,711 2,837,987  9. INVENTORIES    1			KHR'000	KHR'000
As at 31 March/31 December   11,539,381   11,539,381     Accumulated amortization   (8,701,394)   (7,520,290)     Amortization   (295,276)   (1,181,104)     As at 31 March/31 December   (8,996,670)   (8,701,394)     Net book value   As at 31 March/31 December   2,542,711   2,837,987     Secondary		Cost		
Accumulated amortization   As at 1 January (Audited)   (8,701,394)   (7,520,290)   Amortization   (295,276)   (1,181,104)       As at 31 March/31 December   (8,996,670)   (8,701,394)     Net book value   As at 31 March/31 December   2,542,711   2,837,987     9.   INVENTORIES   31 March 2024   Unaudited KHR 000   KHR 000   KHR 000     Consumable supplies   32,494,893   30,471,721   7,712,524   2,375,490     Oil and lubricant   2,020,250   2,375,490   36,869,315   34,559,735     Allowance for impairment of inventories   (95,404)   (95,404)   (95,404)   (95,404)     10.   TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES   31 March 2024   Unaudited KHR 000   KHR 000     Trade receivables   44,418,325   43,305,278   Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)   (81,145)   (145,898)     Trade receivables, net   44,337,180   43,159,380     Advances to MoPWT (Note b)   1,221,303   1,221,303   Advances to suppliers   71,370,542   3,606,531   Prepayments   85,616   85,903   Other receivables   72,677,461   4,913,737		As at 1 January (Audited)	11,539,381	11,539,381
As at 1 January (Audited) Amortization (295,276) (1,181,104) As at 31 March/31 December (8,996,670) (8,701,394)  Net book value As at 31 March/31 December 2,542,711 2,837,987  9. INVENTORIES    31 March 2024		As at 31 March/31 December	11,539,381	11,539,381
Amortization (295,276) (1,181,104) As at 31 March/31 December (8,996,670) (8,701,394)  Net book value As at 31 March/31 December 2,542,711 2,837,987  9. INVENTORIES    31 March 2024 Unaudited KHR'000 KHR'000 KHR'000   Consumable supplies 32,494,893 30,471,721 (2,354,172 1,712,524) (2,020,250 2,375,490) (36,869,315 34,559,735) (36,869,315 34,559,735) (95,404) (95,404) (95,404) (95,404) (95,404) (95,404) (95,404) (96,404) (1,404		Accumulated amortization		
As at 31 March/31 December   (8,996,670)   (8,701,394)     Net book value		As at 1 January (Audited)		
Net book value		Amortization	(295,276)	(1,181,104)
9.         INVENTORIES         31 March 2024 Unaudited KHR 000 KHR 000 KHR 000         31 March 2024 (MHR 000 KHR 00		As at 31 March/31 December	(8,996,670)	(8,701,394)
9. INVENTORIES    31 March 2024   Audited KHR'000		Net book value		
31 March 2024   31 December 2023   Unaudited KHR'000   Combustible materials   2,354,172   1,712,524   2,020,250   2,375,490   36,869,315   34,559,735   Allowance for impairment of inventories   (95,404)   (95		As at 31 March/31 December	2,542,711	2,837,987
31 March 2024   31 December 2023   Unaudited KHR'000   Combustible materials   2,354,172   1,712,524   2,020,250   2,375,490   36,869,315   34,559,735   Allowance for impairment of inventories   (95,404)   (95				
Unaudited KHR'000	9.	INVENTORIES		
Consumable supplies   32,494,893   30,471,721   Combustible materials   2,354,172   1,712,524   Oil and lubricant   2,020,250   2,375,490   36,869,315   34,559,735			31 March 2024	31 December 2023
Consumable supplies   32,494,893   30,471,721   Combustible materials   2,354,172   1,712,524   Oil and lubricant   2,020,250   2,375,490   36,869,315   34,559,735     Allowance for impairment of inventories   (95,404)				
Combustible materials			KHR'000	KHR'000
Oil and lubricant       2,020,250       2,375,490         36,869,315       34,559,735         Allowance for impairment of inventories       (95,404)       (95,404)         36,773,911       34,464,331         10.       TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES         31 March 2024       31 December 2023         Unaudited KHR'000       KHR'000       KHR'000         Trade receivables       44,418,325       43,305,278       41,415       (145,898)         Trade receivables, net       44,337,180       43,159,380         Advances to MoPWT (Note b)       1,221,303       1,221,303       Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531       Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737			32,494,893	30,471,721
Allowance for impairment of inventories (95,404) (95,404)  10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES    31 March 2024   31 December 2023   Unaudited KHR'000   KHR'000				
Allowance for impairment of inventories (95,404) (95,404)  36,773,911 34,464,331  10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES    31 March 2024   31 December 2023		Oil and lubricant	2,020,250	2,375,490
36,773,911   34,464,331   34,			36,869,315	34,559,735
TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES         31 March 2024 Unaudited KHR'000       31 December 2023         Unaudited KHR'000       Audited KHR'000       KHR'000         Trade receivables       44,418,325       43,305,278         Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)       (81,145)       (145,898)         Trade receivables, net       44,337,180       43,159,380         Advances to MoPWT (Note b)       1,221,303       1,221,303         Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531         Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737		Allowance for impairment of inventories	(95,404)	(95,404)
31 March 2024         31 December 2023           Unaudited KHR'000         Audited KHR'000           Trade receivables         44,418,325         43,305,278           Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)         (81,145)         (145,898)           Trade receivables, net         44,337,180         43,159,380           Advances to MoPWT (Note b)         1,221,303         1,221,303           Advances to suppliers         71,370,542         3,606,531           Prepayments         85,616         85,903           Other receivables         72,677,461         4,913,737			36,773,911	34,464,331
31 March 2024         31 December 2023           Unaudited KHR'000         Audited KHR'000           Trade receivables         44,418,325         43,305,278           Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)         (81,145)         (145,898)           Trade receivables, net         44,337,180         43,159,380           Advances to MoPWT (Note b)         1,221,303         1,221,303           Advances to suppliers         71,370,542         3,606,531           Prepayments         85,616         85,903           Other receivables         72,677,461         4,913,737				
Unaudited KHR'000         Audited KHR'000           Trade receivables         44,418,325         43,305,278           Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)         (81,145)         (145,898)           Trade receivables, net         44,337,180         43,159,380           Advances to MoPWT (Note b)         1,221,303         1,221,303           Advances to suppliers         71,370,542         3,606,531           Prepayments         85,616         85,903           Other receivables         72,677,461         4,913,737	10.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
KHR'000         KHR'000           Trade receivables         44,418,325         43,305,278           Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)         (81,145)         (145,898)           Trade receivables, net         44,337,180         43,159,380           Advances to MoPWT (Note b)         1,221,303         1,221,303           Advances to suppliers         71,370,542         3,606,531           Prepayments         85,616         85,903           Other receivables         72,677,461         4,913,737				
Trade receivables       44,418,325       43,305,278         Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)       (81,145)       (145,898)         Trade receivables, net       44,337,180       43,159,380         Advances to MoPWT (Note b)       1,221,303       1,221,303         Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531         Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737				
Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)       (81,145)       (145,898)         Trade receivables, net       44,337,180       43,159,380         Advances to MoPWT (Note b)       1,221,303       1,221,303         Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531         Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737			KHR'000	KHR'000
Trade receivables, net         44,337,180         43,159,380           Advances to MoPWT (Note b)         1,221,303         1,221,303           Advances to suppliers         71,370,542         3,606,531           Prepayments         85,616         85,903           Other receivables         72,677,461         4,913,737		Trade receivables	44,418,325	43,305,278
Advances to MoPWT (Note b)       1,221,303       1,221,303         Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531         Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737		Allowance for expected credit loss (Note a)	(81,145)	(145,898)
Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531         Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737		Trade receivables, net	44,337,180	43,159,380
Advances to suppliers       71,370,542       3,606,531         Prepayments       85,616       85,903         Other receivables       72,677,461       4,913,737		Advances to MoPWT (Note b)	1,221,303	1,221,303
Other receivables 72,677,461 4,913,737			71,370,542	3,606,531
		Prepayments	85,616	85,903
<u>117,014,641</u> <u>48,073,117</u>		Other receivables	72,677,461	4,913,737
			117,014,641	48,073,117

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 10. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

PAS customers are local and international shipping lines and shipping agents. Trade receivables are short term.

(a) Movement of allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables is as follows:

As at 31 March/31 December	81,145	145,898
Reversal during the period/year	(64,753)	(87,052)
As at 1 January (Audited)	145,898	232,950
	KHR'000	KHR'000
	Unaudited	Audited
	2024	2023

(b) This represents outstanding cash advance amounting to KHR'000 1,221,303 to the MoPWT according to the letter dated 14 August 2018 and payable in 2019. The cash advance was used for the MoPWT's office building construction. The term of repayment was unspecified. The cash advance to MoPWT remain outstanding as of the date of this report.

In 2022, additional cash advance amounting to KHR 6 billion was made to the MoPWT to be used for public road construction which was based on the letter request dated 18 January 2022. On 14 March and 15 June 2023, MoPWT repaid KHR 5 billion and KHR 1 billion to PAS, respectively (*Refer to Note 24*).

#### 11. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

On 10 November 2021, PAS signed a sale and purchase agreement with a buyer to sell a parcel of vacant land (130 hectares) located in the Bet Trang commune, which was acquired for capital appreciation. The total contract value is US\$ 26 million or KHR 105,300 million at a price of US\$ 20 or KHR 81,000 per square meter. PAS received US\$ 2 million as a deposit on the contract date and the remaining amount will be paid by the buyer upon completion of ownership tittle deeds transferred to buyer. The size of the land changed based on remeasurement as part of ownership transferring process by the Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction. The buyer settled the remaining contract value based on the confirmed size at US\$ 20 or KHR'000 81 per square meter. Since then, it has been classified and presented as assets classified as held for sale.

In January 2023, the process of transferring hard title deed was completed. The size of the land was 1,309,275 square meters based on hard title deed issued by the Ministry of Land Management, Urban Planning and Construction. The remaining contract value was settled and received in February 2023. Gain on disposal amounted to KHR'000 84,815,997 was recognized under 'other gains - net' in profit or loss for the period.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 12. ISSUED CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

									Share	
	Class A	share (*)	Class B s	share (**)	Class C s	share (**)	Issued	capital	premium	Total
	Number	KHR'000	Number	KHR'000	Number	KHR'000	Number	KHR'000	KHR'000	KHR'000
At 31 March 2024 (unaudited)	364,530,861	364,530,861	64,328,975	64,328,975	21,442,992	21,442,992	450,302,828	450,302,828	67,715,235	518,018,063
At 31 December 2023 (audited)	364,530,861	364,530,861	64,328,975	64,328,975	21,442,992	21,442,992	450,302,828	450,302,828	67,715,235	518,018,063

- (\*) According to Article 11 of the Articles of Incorporation dated 12 April 2019 which was approved by MOC on 8 October 2019, the capital of KHR 450,302,828,000 were allocated into 364,530,861 class A shares, 64,328,975 class B shares and 21,442,992 class C shares with a par value of KHR 1,000 per share. Both class A shares and class B shares are controlled by the Royal Government of Cambodia represented by MoEF and class C shares are controlled by public investors. Class A shares are not entitled to any dividend payment and have no voting rights except for conditions as detailed in article 9 of the Articles of Incorporation. Class B and class C shares have voting rights and are entitled to dividend as approved by the Board of Directors.
- (\*\*) The details of voting rights shares are as follows:

	Percentage	Number of shares	KHR'000
Shareholders Class B shares: The Royal Government of Cambodia	75%	64,328,975	64,328,975
Class C shares: Kamigumi Co., Ltd Public investors	13% 12%	11,150,324 10,292,668	11,150,324 10,292,668
	25%	21,442,992	21,442,992
	100%	85,771,967	85,771,967

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

#### 13. OTHER RESERVES

49,506,094	49,506,094
<u> </u>	4,207,761
-	4,207,761
49,506,094	41,090,572
KHR'000	KHR'000
Unaudited	Audited
2024	2023
	Unaudited KHR'000 49,506,094 - -

Article 65 of the Article of Incorporation dated 12 April 2019 stipulates that PAS's annual profit, after offsetting losses carried forward (if any), is allocated to general reserve at 5% and legal reserve at 5%.

#### 14. LOANS AND BORROWINGS

	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
	Unaudited	Audited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Loans and borrowings from:		
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P3 (i)	30,776,121	36,382,074
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P4 (i)	83,052,678	83,189,932
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P6 (i)	4,096,826	4,667,838
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P8 (i)	73,456,102	81,948,057
MoEF - (JICA) - Loan No. CP-P10 (i)	123,146,803	137,275,308
MoEF - (JICA) - Loan No. CP-P21 (i)	80,485,614	13,528,501
Foreign Trade Bank of Cambodia ("FTB") -		
Bank overdraft (ii)	26,335,676	30,103,125
	421,349,820	387,094,835
Dank overdrait (ii)		

#### (i) Borrowing MoEF - (JBIC) and (JICA)

MoEF signed borrowing agreements with Japan International Cooperation Agency ("JICA") and Japan Bank for International Cooperation ("JBIC") in respect of the transactions relating to PAS. The borrowings have been disbursed by JICA and JBIC directly to the suppliers of PAS. Repayments of borrowings are made by PAS directly to MoEF according to the repayment schedules.

#### (ii) Foreign Trade Bank of Cambodia ("FTB")

On 15 December 2023, PAS entered into a loan agreement with FTB for an overdraft facility with credit limit of KHR'000 30,229,000 (equivalent to US\$ 7,400,000). The bank overdraft bears interest rate at 7.50% per annum. The bank overdraft is secured by PAS's short-term bank deposits with FTB of KHR'000 32,680,000 (equivalent to US\$ 8,000,000).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 14. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (continued)

The maturity dates of these loans and borrowings are as follows:

	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
	Unaudited	Audited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Current		
Within 1 year	52,973,550	59,035,225
Non-current		
Between 1 and 2 years	25,212,274	26,815,738
Between 2 and 5 years	75,636,822	80,447,215
More than 5 years	267,527,174	220,796,657
	368,376,270	328,059,610
	421,349,820	387,094,835

The fair values were calculated based on future contractual cash flows discounted using the current borrowing rates. They were classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

The carrying amounts of loans and borrowings approximate to the estimated fair values due as these items are not materially sensitive to the shift in market interest rates.

Loans and borrowings denominated in currencies other than functional currency are as follows:

	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
	Unaudited	Audited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Japanese yen (JPY)	311,961,466	273,801,778
US\$	109,388,354	113,293,057
	421,349,820	387,094,835
The interest rates per annum are as follows:		
	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P3	3.00%	3.00%
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P4	3.70%	3.70%
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P6	3.00%	3.00%
MoEF - (JBIC) - Loan No. CP-P8	2.65%	2.65%
MoEF - (JICA) - Loan No. CP-P10	1.65%	1.65%
MoEF - (JICA) - Loan No. CP-P21	1.26%	1.26%

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 15. RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

Amounts recognized in the interim condensed statement of financial position are as follows:

	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
	Unaudited	Audited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Present value of retirement benefit obligations as at end of period/year	78,451,469	77,890,925

The retirement benefit obligations as at end of 31 March 2024 and 31 December 2023 above are unfunded.

The movements in the retirement benefit obligations over the period/year are as follows:

	78,451,469	77,890,925
Non-current	73,359,285	72,822,161
Current	5,092,184	5,068,764
As at 31 March/31December	78,451,469	77,890,925
Benefits paid	(1,108,432)	(4,754,622)
Interest expense	1,214,454	4,795,639
Current service costs	454,522	1,811,492
As at 1 January (Audited)	77,890,925	76,038,416
	KHR'000	KHR'000
	Unaudited	Audited
	2024	2023

The retirement benefit costs recognized within salaries, wages and related expenses and remeasurement of retirement benefit obligations in the interim statement comprehensive income are as follows:

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Current service costs	454,522	452,873
Interest expense	1,214,454	1,198,910
	1,668,976	1,651,783

The principal actuarial assumptions are as follows:

	2024	2023
Average years of service	19.9	19.9
Discount rate per annum	6.5%	6.5%
Salary incremental rate per annum	5.0%	5.0%
Turnover rate per annum	0.5%	0.5%
Mortality rate	100% of 2017 Thailand	100% of 2017 Thailand
•	Ordinary Mortality tables	Ordinary Mortality tables
Disability rate	10% of pre-retirement	10% of pre-retirement
	mortality rates	mortality rates

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 16. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

As at 31 March/31December	49,522,902	50,326,634
Current Non-current	3,214,930 46,307,972	3,214,930 47,111,704
As at 31 March/31 December	49,522,902	50,326,634
As at 1 January (Audited) Received during the period/year Released to profit or loss during the period/year	KHR'000 50,326,634 - (803,732)	<i>KHR'000</i> - 50,802,112 (475,478)
	Unaudited	2023 Audited

On 10 February 2023, PAS received the building construction of container freight station with construction value of KHR'000 5,156,339 (equivalent to US\$ 1,271,914) from the Government of Japan through Royal Government of Cambodia as grant under the purpose of contributing to the implementation of the Economic and Social Development Programme. On 1 April 2023, PAS recognized the container freight station as building under property and equipment and related deferred government grant at the construction value. The depreciation of the container freight station and related grant income will be released to profit or loss over estimated asset useful life of 30 years. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to the grant.

On 20 November 2023, PAS received the seaport equipment of two mobile harbor cranes with value of KHR'000 45,645,773 (equivalent to USD 11,079,071) from the Government of Japan through Royal Government of Cambodia as grant under the purpose of contributing to the implementation of the Economic and Social Development Programme. On 20 November 2023, PAS recognized the mobile harbor cranes as seaport equipment under property and equipment and related deferred government grant at the equipment value. The depreciation of the mobile harbor cranes and related grant income will be released to profit or loss over estimated asset useful life of 15 years. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to the grants.

According to 'exchange note' between the Royal Government of Cambodia ("the Recipient") and the Government of Japan dated 16 December 2021, the products and/or services given under the grants are maintained and used properly and effectively for the implementation of the Economic and Social Development Programme, and are not for military purposes. Furthermore, the products and/or the services under the grant are utilized, in principle, by end-users including the Recipient itself, for non-commercial purposes.

## 17. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Set out below is the disaggregation of PAS' revenue from contracts with customers:

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited KHR'000	Unaudited KHR'000
Stevedoring charges LO-LO and container storage Port due/charge services	46,205,218 30,079,031 18,568,530	36,383,789 23,518,191 16,790,506
Others	933,828 <b>95,786,607</b>	551,517 <b>77,244,003</b>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 17. REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (continued)

Timing of revenue recognition:

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
At a point in time	91,029,845	73,663,724
Over time	4,756,762	3,580,279
	95,786,607	77,244,003

## 18. SALARIES, WAGES AND RELATED EXPENSES

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Employee salaries	20,174,190	16,115,122
Bonuses	5,132,736	4,183,141
Retirement benefit expenses	1,668,976	1,651,783
Seniority benefit	952,553	736,420
Directors' remuneration	349,200	349,200
Social security	341,523	334,473
Wages for contractors	29,915	55,665
Others	1,453,861	1,253,887
	30,102,954	24,679,691

## 19. CONSUMABLE SUPPLIES

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited KHR'000	Unaudited KHR'000
Combustible expenses	11,927,979	10,269,889
Spare parts Warehouse supplies	7,393,391 5,658,420	13,499,335 2,592,398
Oil and lubricant Office supplies	1,067,227 659,236	762,741 1,118,881
Other consumables	162,322	334,965
	26,868,575	28,578,209

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 20. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION CHARGES

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Property and equipment (Note 6)	11,374,325	9,601,687
Investment properties (Note 7)	951,756	1,671,383
Intangible assets (Note 8)	295,276	295,276
	12,621,357	11,568,346

## 21. FINANCE INCOME - NET

	Three-month p	period ended
<del>-</del>	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
_	Unaudited	Unaudited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Finance income:		
Interest income on bank deposits (Note a)  Net exchange gains on foreign currency	2,110,954	1,407,258
borrowings (Note b) and others	20,416,427	2,314,657
<u>-</u>	22,527,381	3,721,915
Finance costs: Interest expenses on borrowings from MoEF		
(Note c) Interest expenses on loan from FTB	(1,928,926)	(2,360,625)
(Note c)	(271,694)	-
<u>-</u>	(2,200,620)	(2,360,625)
Finance income - net	20,326,761	1,361,290

- (a) Interest income represents interest earned from savings and fixed deposit accounts held at local banks during the period.
- (b) PAS has borrowings (*Note 14*) which are denominated in Japanese yen (JPY) and US dollar (US\$). Given the fluctuations in KHR against JPY, this resulted in significant exchange losses/gains on its borrowings. The exchange rates are based on the exchange rates published by the National Bank of Cambodia as at the end of reporting period.

	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
	2024	2023	2023	2022
JPY/KHR	26.835	29.135	30.775	30.945
US\$/KHR	4,041	4,085	4,054	4,117

(c) Interest expenses represent the interest charges on borrowings obtained from the MoEF, which are funded through borrowings obtained from JICA and JBIC (Notes 14 and 25), and the interest charges on loan obtained from FTB for overdraft facility (Notes 14).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 22. INCOME TAX

Taxes are calculated on the basis of current interpretation of the tax regulations enacted as at reporting date. The management periodically evaluates position taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subjected to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

However, these regulations are subject to periodic variation and the ultimate determination of tax liabilities will be made following inspection by the tax authorities. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax liabilities and balances in the period in which the determination is made.

PAS calculates the income tax expense for the period using the tax rate that would be applicable to the expected total annual earnings.

The major components of income tax expense in the unaudited interim condensed statement of comprehensive income are:

	Three-month period ended		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
	Unaudited KHR'000	Unaudited KHR'000	
Income tax expense recognized in profit for the period			
Current income tax	4,221,410	16,067,378	
Deferred income tax	154,170	2,370,318	
	4,375,580	18,437,696	

## 23. EARNINGS PER SHARE

## (i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of PAS by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

	Three-month period ended	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	Unaudited	Unaudited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Profit attributable to shareholders	33,295,777	65,977,524
Weighted average number of shares	85,771,967	85,771,967
Basic earnings per share (KHR)	388.19	769.22

## (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. PAS had no dilutive potential ordinary shares as at the period end. As such, the diluted earnings per share was equivalent to the basic earnings per share.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

PAS is under the financial supervision of the MoEF and the technical supervision of the MoPWT. Transactions with MoEF and MoPWT are considered as related party transactions.

## (a) Related party balances

## (i) Amount due to MoEF

	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
	Unaudited	Audited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Borrowings from:		
MoEF - (JICA) (Note 14)	203,632,417	150,803,809
MoEF - (JBIC) (Note 14)	191,381,727	206,187,901
	395,014,144	356,991,710
(ii) Amount due from MoPWT		
	31 March 2024	31 December 2023
	Unaudited	Audited
	KHR'000	KHR'000
Advances to MoPWT (Note 10)	1,221,303	1,221,303

## (b) Related party transactions

	Three-month period ended		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
	Unaudited	Unaudited	
	KHR'000	KHR'000	
Costs of borrowings from MoEF:			
Interest expenses (Note 21)	1,928,926	2,360,625	
Capitalized interest costs (Note 6)	89,502	47,804	
Drawdowns on borrowings from MoEF	70,193,935	8,099	
Principal repayments on borrowing to MoEF	(9,642,038)	(10,100,613)	
Interest repayments on borrowing to MoEF	(2,734,992)	(3,198,490)	
Advance settlement from MoPWT (Note 10)	-	5,000,000	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2024

## 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

## (c) Key management compensation

Key management compensation for the three-month period ended are as follows:

	Three-month pe	Three-month period ended		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
	Unaudited KHR'000	Unaudited KHR'000		
Board of Directors Fees and related expenses	349,200	349,200		
Key management personnel Salaries and other expenses Retirement benefit expenses (*)	1,327,000 52,980	1,154,887 57,638		

Key management personnel comprise of Chief Executive Officer and Executive Directors who make strategic decisions over PAS's direction, financial and operational performances.

(\*) Retirement benefit scheme is provided to PAS's employees as well as key management personnel.

### 25. COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2024, PAS had outstanding capital expenditure commitments to TOA Corporation and Mitsui E&S Machinery Co., Ltd of KHR'000 712,199,809 and KHR'000 25,503,155, respectively, for its purchases of construction services, property and equipment (31 December 2023: KHR'000 33,528,644 and KHR'000 25,780,844, respectively).

## 26. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Other than those which are disclosed above, there have been no significant events occurring after the reporting date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the interim condensed financial information.



## PART 4

Management's Discussion and Analysis



## A. Overview of Operations

PAS is the only international deep seaport of the Kingdom of Cambodia, which is operating on an approximately 125 hectares land area, located in Preah Sihanouk city, Preah Sihanouk province and connected by multi-modal transport networks. According to the definition of Subdecree No. 50 ANKr/BK dated 17<sup>th</sup> July 1998, PAS has been entitled to be a port operator with detailed business and services in the above Part 1, section B of this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 report.

For this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, the volume of PAS's container throughput increased by 42,554 TEUs equivalent to 24.37% compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023, and Gross cargoes throughput increased by 22.78% equivalent to 416,559 tons. Among gross cargoes throughput, container in tons increased 28.63% equivalent to 346,270 tons, and general cargoes increased 51,415 tons equivalent to 266.93%, as for fuels increased by 2.37% equal to 13,387 tons, also gas increased by 15.08% equivalent to 5,487 tons. Moreover, PAS's calling vessel increased by 9.21% equal to 34 vessels, also gross tonnages increased by 19.39% equal to 888,347 tons compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023.

The discussion and analysis by the management on PAS's financial status and operation results below were made based on financial information report audited by the independent auditor for 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 and 2023 as shown in Part 3 of this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 report.

## PAS has important sources of income as follows:

- Port Charges for Vessel Services: is the income derived from vessel services and ship berthing alongside consisting of tonnage dues, berthage charge, channel charge, pilotage fee, tug assistance charge, mooring & unmooring charge, charge for opening & closing hatch cover and waste collection charges.
- Stevedoring Charges: is the income derived from loading and unloading services of general cargo or container onto and from the vessel berthing alongside at the port.
- LOLO Charges: is the income derived from loading and unloading services of general cargo or containers into or out of the yard.
- Storage Fees: is the income derived from storing general cargo or container in the warehouse and yard.
- Transportation Charges: is the income derived from transport services of general cargo or container within the port premises.
- Income from Special Economic Zone: is the income derived from land lease for building factory, building from Sihanoukville Port Special Economic Zone.

PAS had recorded financial transaction (account book) and financial reports in Riel, which is its national currency, while the operations using other international currency were shown in Riels based on the average of daily official exchange rate of the General Department of Taxation

(USD currency) and the National Bank of Cambodia (Japanese Yen currency) according to the respective dates of the operations.

## Revenue Analysis For the period ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024 compared to the period ended 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023

Description	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	Change	s
Description	'000 riels	'000 riels	'000 riels	%
Revenue	97,364,419	77,627,445	19,736,974	25.43%

For this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, PAS's income increased by 19,736,974,000 Riels equivalent to 25.43% increased from 77,627,445,000 Riels in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 to 97,364,419,000 Riels in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024. This increase in income was mostly derived from Stevedoring Charges, LOLO Charge, Port Charge Services and Storage Fees (warehouse and yard).

## 1.1 Revenue by Segment Analysis Table of Revenue Comparison by Sections Against Total Revenues For 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024 and 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023

Description	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024		1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	
	'000 riels	Percentage of total income	'000 riels	Percentage of total income
Stevedoring Charge	46,205,218	47.46%	36,383,789	46.87%
LOLO Charge	25,956,017	26.66%	20,347,682	26.21%
Port Charge for Vessel Services	18,568,530	19.07%	16,790,506	21.63%
Storage (Warehouse and Yard)	4,123,014	4.23%	3,170,509	4.08%
Transportation	31,563	0.03%	29,236	0.04%
Passenger vessel	97,684	0.10%	34,968	0.05%
Special Economic Zone	774,080	0.80%	383,442	0.49%
Rental fee	633,748	0.65%	409,770	0.53%
Other revenues	974,566	1.00%	77,543	0.10%
Total Revenue	97,364,415	100.00%	77,627,445	100.00%

In the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 as well as 2023, there were four important types of incomes accounted for 98% of PAS's total business and service incomes. Those incomes were derived from Stevedoring charges, LOLO charges, Port Charges for Vessel Services and Storage (Warehouse and Yard).

For the period ended 31st March 2024 compared to the period ended 31st March 2023

Description	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	Changes	
	'000 riels	'000 riels	'000 riels	%
Stevedoring Charge	46,205,218	36,383,789	9,821,429	26.99%
LOLO Charge	25,956,017	20,347,682	5,608,335	27.56%
Port Charge for Vessel Services	18,568,530	16,790,506	1,778,024	10.59%
Storage (Warehouse and Yard)	4,123,014	3,170,509	952,505	30.04%

The income from Stevedoring charge increased approximately by 26.99% equivalent to 9,821,429,000 Riels, and LOLO charge increased by 27.56% equivalent to 5,608,335,000 Riels comparing between  $1^{st}$  quarter 2024 and  $1^{st}$  quarter 2023. These increases were resulted by the increase of container throughput with the volume of 42,554 TEUs equivalent to 24.37% for this  $1^{st}$  quarter 2024.

The income derived from this port charge for vessel services was depended on the number of vessels and tonnage throughput of PAS. For this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2024, the number of vessels calling to PAS increased by 34 vessels equal to 9.21%, also tonnage throughput increased by 19.39% equal to 888,347 tons. Dus, the income on Port charge for vessel service increased from 16,790,506,000 Riels in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 to 18,568,530,000 Riels in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, increased by 10.59% equal to 1,778,024,000 Riels. This is because in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, the container vessels increased by 11.56% equal to 20 vessels and general vessels increased by 12.00% equal to 6 vessels if compared to the same period in 2023.

The income from storage, warehouse, and yard increased by 952,505,000 Riels equivalent to 30.04% compared between 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 with the income amount of 4,123,014,000 Riels and 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with amount of 3,170,509,000 Riels. The reason for this increases was caused by the increasing in container cargoes and cargoes throughput if compared to the same period in 2023.

## 2. Gross Profit Margin Analysis

PAS had prepared its resulting reports in a form of specification report and therefore there was no disclosure of the gross profits. However, the format of this report can enable us to discuss and analyze the operating profit derived from the gross revenues minus the operating expenses.

The operating expenses will be discussed and analyzed in the following section 3, the analysis of profit before tax.

## 3. Profit/(Loss) before Tax Analysis

The profit before tax is the result derived from the gross profit minus the operating expense and income or expense of net interest. In an analysis of the operating expenses, we will point out the expense on Consumable supplies, expense on Salary and Wages, and Related expenses, expense on Depreciation and Amortization, expense on Repair and Maintenance, Other expense, and other gain /(Losses)-net as follows:

For the period ended 31st March 2024 compared to the period ended 31st March 2023

Description	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	Changes	
	'000 riels	'000 riels	'000 riels	%
Revenue	97,364,419	77,627,445	19,736,974	25.43%
Consumable Supplies	(26,868,575)	(28,578,209)	(1,709,634)	-5.98%
Salaries, Wages and related expenses	(30,102,954)	(24,679,691)	5,423,263	21.97%
Depreciation and Amortisaton charge	(12,621,357)	(11,568,346)	1,053,011	9.10%
Repairs and Maintenances	(584,672)	(454,442)	130,230	28.66%
Other expenses	(9,894,805)	(12,281,372)	(2,386,567)	-19.43%
Other gain /(Losses)- net	52,540	82,988,545	(82,936,005)	-99.94%
Net- Finance (Costs)/(gain)	20,326,761	1,361,290	18,965,471	1393.20%
Profit before income tax	37,671,357	84,415,220	(46,743,863)	-55.37%

For 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, PAS's expenses on Consumable Supplies amounted to 26,868,575,000 Riels decreased by 1,709,634,000 Riels equivalent to 5.98% compared to the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2023 with the expense amounted of 28,578,209,000 Riels. The main factor that caused

such decrease was resulted by spare parts expenses decreased by 45.23% equivalent to 6,105,944,000 Riels in this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024.

The fundamental of PAS's salary calculation is based on the output (Stevedoring and LOLO incomes), i.e when stevedoring and LOLO incomes increases, the expense on salary will also increase, and on the contrary, if stevedoring and LOLO incomes decrease, the expense on salary will also decrease, and we found that stevedoring income increased by 26.997% and LOLO incomes slightly increased by 27.56% in this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024. Moreover, the expense on Salary, wages, and other related expenses had increased by 21.97% equivalent to 5,423,263,000 Riels compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the expense amount of 24,679,691,000 Riels and 30,102,954,000 Riels in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024. The main factors of the increase on employee salaries expenses which increased by 25.19% equal to 4,059,068,000 Riels, also the bonuses expenses which increased approximately 22.70% equal to 949,595,000 Riels if compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023.

The expense on depreciation and amortization included property, equipment, and intangible asset in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 amounted to 12,621,357,000 Riels increased by 1,053,011,000 Riels equivalent to 9.10% compared to that of 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the expense amount of 11,568,346,000 Riels. The factor that caused such an increase was resulted from the expense on depreciation of property and equipment which increased by 1,772,638,000 Riels equivalent to 18.46%.

The expense on repair and maintenance increased by 130,230,000 Riels equal to 28.66%, the total expense of repair and maintenance in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 was 454,442,000 Riels and 584,672,000 Riels in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024.

The Other expenses decreased by 19.43% equivalent to 2,386,567,000 Riels, which decreased from 12,281,372,000 Riels in  $1^{st}$  quarter 2023 to 9,894,805,000 Riels in  $1^{st}$  quarter 2024. The main reasons that caused the decreased of other expenses were the decreased in Contributions and donations expenses which decreased by 56.00% equal to 4,277,401,000 Riels and the decreased of administration expenses by 61.50% equivalent to 397,626,000 Riels in this  $1^{st}$  quarter 2024.

Other gain /(Losses)-net refers to Realized Foreign Exchange Gain-Loss and the gains from realized foreign exchange with the amount of 52,540,000 Riels decreased by 99.94% equivalent to 82,936,005,000 Riels if compare to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the amount of 82,988,545,000 Riels due to gained from assets classified as held for sale in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023.

Finance Income/(Costs)-net refers to Unrealized Foreign Exchange Gain-Loss, for the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, there was an income of 20,326,761,000 Riels increased the Finance income by 1393.20% equivalent to 18,965,471,000 Riels compared to the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the Finance income of 1,361,290,000 Riels. The main factor of this change in Finance Income/(Costs)-net

was because in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, there was the net gain unrealized foreign exchange currency (Japanese Yen) amounted to 20,416,427,000 Riels, if compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the net gain unrealized foreign exchange currency of 2,312,662,000 Riels.

In conclusion, PAS's profit before income tax in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 is 37,671,357,000 Riels decreased by 46,743,863,000 Riels equivalent to 55.37% if compared to 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the profit before income tax amount of 84,415,220,000 Riels.

## 4. Profit/(Loss) after Tax Analysis

PAS is under the law of business companies in the field of taxation and VAT; therefore, PAS has the obligation to pay tax on annual profit at the rate of 20%. From 2020 onward, PAS continue its obligation to pay tax on annual profit at the rate of 20% after PAS has received the incentive benefit in Taxation from the Security market for the last three years (2017 to 2019).

For the period ended 31st March 2024 compared to the period ended 31st March 2023

Description	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> Quarter 2023	Changes	
	'000 riels	'000 riels	'000 riels	%
Profit before income	37,671,357	84,415,220	(46,743,863)	-
tax (A)	37,071,337	04,413,220	(40,743,803)	55.37%
Income tax expense	(4,375,580)	(18,437,696)	(14,062,116)	-76.27%
(B)	(4,575,500)	(10,407,000)	(14,002,110)	-70.2776
Profit for the period	33,295,777	65,977,524	(32,681,747)	-49.53%
Remesurement of				
retirement benefit	_	-		
obligations				
Total comprehensive				
income for the period	33,295,777	65,977,524	(32,681,747)	-49.53%
Effective Tax Rate				
(B)/(A)	11.62%	21.84%		

PAS has the profit after tax with the equivalent amount 33,295,777,000 Riels in the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024 and Profit after tax of 65,977,524,000 Riels in the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 with the decreased profit after income tax amount of 32,681,747,000 Riels equivalent to 49.53%. The main factors that caused the profit after tax to be decreased is due to the gain of assets classified as held for sale compared to the same period of 2023.

The Effective tax rate on profit decreased from 21.84% in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023 to 11.62% in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, because of decreased of profit before income tax in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024.

## 5. Factors and Trends Analysis affecting financial conditions and results

A few factors that influence the status and financial outcome of PAS are:

## - Factors That Cause Restriction on International Business

Because of PAS's main source of income is derived from the movement of cargo throughput, which is the transaction of international trade, therefore, various factors that affects the international trade may influence PAS's business operation through such factors as the status of global, regional, and local economy, social stability, security issues, or maritime cooperation. According to the IMF, the world economy will increase to 3.1% for year 2024, while Cambodia's economy will growth around 6.0%, according to the Asian Development Bank (ADB). This is still showing a stable economy growth of Cambodia which is a good sign for port business.

## - PAS's Ability and Work Performance Efficiency

For the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, PAS has container handling capacity up to 800,000 TEUs after launching 1 units of QCs, 2 units of RTGs, and 4 additional units of Empty Reach stackers in 2021. This factor has enabled the work capacity and efficiency to increase in the performance of its services.

## - Status of Domestic Transportation

For this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2024, the domestic transportation network, especially the National Route No. 4 connecting from PAS to Phnom Penh capital, has not caused any obstacles to cargo transportation after the relief from the epidemic covid19. While the rail transportation, at present, the Royal Railway Company transports both export and import cargo through PAS 6 times to 7 times per week and this rail transportation has also been performed smoothly and with no issues that may obstruct the transportation process.

## - Cooperation between Ports in the Region

The cooperation between regional ports, especially the connectivity between major hub ports in the region is very important in cargo traffic facilitation between PAS and other mainly international marketplaces, thereby influencing on the expenses and transportation period which may affect other industrial competitiveness. In this case, PAS has strived to keep good communication with various major ports in the region to ensure a smooth operation.

## - Depreciation

Because PAS's business is using many kinds of infrastructures, the expenses on depreciation of port's infrastructures such as ship berths, machinery, and buildings

are relatively large, which may affect the PAS business. Therefore, PAS shall conduct an appropriate inspection of the depreciation policy and shall make necessary modifications in every period of the financial report. For this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2024, there is no modification or a request for modification of the depreciation policy by the independent auditor.

## **B.** Significant factors affecting Profit

## 1. Demand and Supply Conditions Analysis

PAS's business activities have a direct link with the national, regional, and global economy. In particular, when there is a change in the national economy, there will be a direct impact on port's business and service operation, i.e when the national economy increases, the port's business and service operation will also increase, accordingly, PAS's revenues also have the same growth rate, on the contrary, if the national economy decreases, there will also be a negative impact on PAS's revenues. According to ADB's report, Cambodia's economy growth with the expected rate of 6.0%, while the world economy growth with the expected rate of 3.1% (IMF) for year 2024. However, there might be a big impact on the market's demand and supply due to the current war between Russia-Ukraine and the import and export to China due to the current lockdown of zero covid policy.

## 2. Fluctuations in Prices of Raw Materials Analysis

Petroleum is the most important raw material in serving port's services since it is an important demand for machinery operation. The rise in oil price will affect PAS's profit because the latter still keeps its services at the same price even when the oil price rises or drops. Therefore, PAS has strictly implemented the procurement procedures in order to guarantee the price of these raw materials to be appropriate and competitive in market value.

## 3. Tax Analysis

PAS is under the law of business companies in the field of taxation and VAT; therefore, PAS has the obligation to pay tax in accordance with the laws and regulations in force. PAS has to pay tax and in accordance with the ration of income and was determined as a large taxpayer by the General Department of Taxation. Regarding tax on annual profit, PAS will be obligated to pay at 20% rate starting from year 2020 after receiving the incentive benefit for three years. While other kinds of taxes, PAS has implemented its obligation according to the law on taxation of the Kingdom of Cambodia.

## C. Material Changes in Sales and Revenue

PAS' main income is derived from stevedoring, LOLO and port's services which contributed around 98% of the total income in 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2024, and the main factor bolstering up the

increase of revenue is the rise of ships and volume of cargo throughputs, especially containerized cargo which is the most important source of PAS's income. The growth in the field of agriculture, commerce, construction, and industry has reflected the status of Cambodia's economy, and at the same time these factors also have positive influences on PAS's business operation, services, and revenues.

## D. Impacts of Foreign Exchange, Interest Rates and Commodity Price

## Impacts from Currency Exchange Rate

PAS has received JICA and JBIC financial soft loans from the Ministry of Economy and Finance, thereby requiring PAS to pay back both principal and interest in Japanese Yen and US dollars while the PAS's functional currency is Riel. Therefore, the change of Riel exchange rate compared to US dollars, Riel compared to Japanese Yen, and US dollars compared to Japanese Yen will affect the rate of PAS's profit.

## 2. Impacts from the Interest Rate

At present, PAS does not have any loans with flexible interest rates. PAS has received JICA and JBIC financial soft loan from the Ministry of Economy and Finance with the interest rate from 2.65% to 3.70%. Therefore, in this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 2023, there is no impact on the changes of interest rate.

## 3. Impacts from the Change of Oil Prices

The change of oil price will have an impact on PAS's profit since the port's operation is strongly relied on machinery that consumes fuel oil. Therefore, PAS has enhanced the efficiency of cargo loading-unloading operation and management of container yard in order to cut down the unnecessary removal or displacement of containers with the aim to reduce the operational expense and promote its services.

## E. Impacts of Inflation

PAS has kept its service charges stable without making any modification or amendment according to the change of inflation and still retains its sound financial status.

## F. Economic/Fiscal/Monetary Policy of Royal Government

The policy on economy, tax system, and currency of the Government has a strong influence on PAS's business operation since this policy is aimed at supporting and stimulating the international trade and yielding positive result on PAS's business. The main policies of the Royal Government are:

- Industrial sector promotion policy, the Royal Government has planned to transform Preah Sihanouk province to be a center for trade, logistics, and production through the

- construction of port infrastructure, expansion of National Route No. 4, and infrastructure of the International Airport in Preah Sihanouk province.
- Policy on save cost of transportation through the Express Way from Phnom Penh Sihanoukville
- Maritime transportation stimulation policy.
- Policy on rice export to foreign markets is yielding positive result to PAS.
- Policy on international trade stimulation, thereby trying an effort to cut down trade barriers involving trading process between Cambodia and other partner countries in the world.
- The Royal Government, through the National Bank, has implemented the currency policy through the free currency exchange market mechanism under the intervention in order to stabilize the national currency, and the balance of this currency has secured the stability of Cambodia's Macro Economy, which built confidences for the investors and encouraged private sectors' business operation.
- The taxation incentive in stock market sector to various enterprises publishing the IPO in Cambodia has been stimulating more and more public enterprises and private companies to be incorporated into the IPO and to contribute to the development of the national economy.



# Part 5 Other Necessary Information for Investor Protection



In this 1<sup>st</sup> quarter of 2024, there is other necessary information for the protection of investors as below:

- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report of the Audit Committee, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management Committee, which raised and approved the composition of the Board of Directors, which is the representative of the Ministry Institution of the 8th mandate for the Board of Directors to be the mandate representative of the Ministry Institution for the 9th mandate by preparing a letter of respect to His Excellency the Minister of Public Works and Transport in request of the Royal Government to appoint the composition of the Board of Directors for the 9th mandate and to approve the marketing strategic plan of PAS.
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report on the progress of the ongoing container port development project (1. Project to renovate the general cargo port into a 253-meter-long container port and 2. The new container terminal development project Step 1, Step 2 and Step 3), letter No. 1278 dated 22 November 2023 from the Office of the Council of Ministers on the approval to support the development of the new container port Phase 1, Phase 2 and Phase 3 of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port promptly, and prepare the Master Plan for the future of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port.
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report of PAS's business performance for 2023.
- After discussed, the members of board approved the financial statements report for the fourth quarter of 2023 and for the 12-month period ended 31 December 2023, which were reviewed by the independent audit firm Ernst & Young (Cambodia) Ltd.
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved on the report on the
  case of Royal Railway Plc requesting the renewal of a land lease contract of PAS in
  Sangkat Trapeang Krasang, Khan Dangkor, Phnom Penh, as well as the debt status
  of the company owed and approved PAS to implement of the following additional
  measures:
  - 1. Maintain the agreement in accordance with the spirit of the previous board meeting by allowing the land lease to Royal Railway Plc for the next 10 years with a starting price of USD 100,000 per year with an increase of 5% every year limiting the size of the land that Royal Railway Co.,Ltd has utilized only. PAS will develop the remaining land to serve PAS's business. Furthermore, PAS has to prepare a letter of notification (third time), leaving 30 days for the company to respond. In the event that Royal Railway Plc does not respond to PAS within 30 days, PAS

- must submit a letter of respect to His Excellency the Deputy Prime Minister of the Ministry of Economy and Finance to request guidelines for implementation
- PAS should apply penalties to the company in case the company continues to delay payment in accordance with the content of Prakas No. 1159 MEF.PrK dated
   December 2020 of the Ministry of Economy and Finance on Rules and Procedures Of collecting and Clearing of Non-Fiscal Debts
- After reviewed and discussed, the members of board approved the report on the case of the tourist port development of G.T.V.C SPEEDBOAT CAMBODIA in front of Warehouse no.1 and Warehouse no.2, which PAS must set up a clear boarder line between PAS (International Port Area) and tourist port (Public Area) in order to comply with the SOLAS, ISPS Code as well as ensuring the use of warehouse no.2 and the front yard of warehouse no.2 for PAS's business operations without any interruption in the traffic of trucks entering and leaving warehouse no.2.

## Signature of Directors of Sihanoukville Autonomous Port





## Sihanoukville Autonomous Port









## Address:

Terak Vithei Samdach Akak Moha Sena Padei Techo Hun Sen, Sangkat 3, Preah Sihanouk City Preah Sihanouk Province, Cambodia

## Contact:

- 034 933 416
- mas.gov.kh
- 034 933 511
- pasinfo@pas.gov.kh
- 9 078 496 789
- ① Sihanoukville Autonomous Port